The Importance of Follow-Up Care for Mental Illness



Visiting the hospital for mental illness or intentional self-harm can be overwhelming. Research suggests that timely follow-up care after discharge can help the member transition back to home, work, or school, and can help providers detect early post-hospitalization reactions and medication concerns. Advancements in integrating behavioral healthcare with primary care have created opportunities with the Psychiatric Collaborative Care Model. With this model, non-behavioral health providers can utilize a psychiatric consultant to participate in care services.

Provider Tips

- ▶ Offer telehealth and phone visits.
- Provide empathic listening and nonjudgmental discussions to engage the patient and caregivers in decision making.
- ▶ Reach out proactively to assist in (re)scheduling appointments within the required timeframes.
- ► Encourage coordination of care between physical and behavioral health providers, including transitions in care.
- ► Reinforce the treatment plan and evaluate any medication regimen considering presence/absence of side effects etc.
- ▶ Partner with the health plan to address social determinants, health equity, and quality care.
- ▶ Provide timely submission of claims and code related diagnosis and visits correctly.
- ► Address co-morbidities and integrate care with peer support and psychiatric collaborative care models.

Measures

- ► Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness (FUH)
- ► Follow-Up After Emergency Department Visit for Mental Illness (FUM)

Additional Support

- ► Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service Administration: www.samhsa.gov/
- ► National Alliance on Mental Illness: <u>www.nami.org</u>
- ► SMI Adviser, A Clinical Support System for Serious Mental Illness: www.smiadviser.org
- ► Collaborative Care Model: www.psychiatry.org

Source

https://www.ncqa.org/hedis/measures/follow-up-after-hospitalization-for-mental-illness/